AMENDATORY SECTION  (Amending WSR 20-03-073, filed 1/10/20, effective 2/10/20)

WAC 192-110-015 Applications by standby workers—RCW 50.20.010.
(1) What is "standby?"
   (a) "Standby" means you are temporarily unemployed because of a lack of work but:
      (i) You expect to return to work with your regular employer within four weeks; or
      (ii) You expect to begin full-time work with a new employer within two weeks; or
      (iii) You are temporarily unemployed due to natural disaster.
   (b) ((You do not have to register for work or look for other work while you are on standby.)) The requirement to register for work and search for work is fulfilled so long as you are on standby and take reasonable measures to maintain contact with the employer.
   (c) You must be available for all hours of suitable work offered by your regular employer.

(2) How long can I be on standby?
   (a) You can ask to be on standby for up to four weeks.
   (b) We will ask your employer to verify that you are on standby, including your expected return to work date:
      (i) If your employer does not reply, you can be on standby for up to four weeks;
      (ii) If your employer confirms you are on standby, you can be on standby until the return to work date given by your employer, subject to the limitations of (c) of this subsection;
      (iii) If your employer replies that you are not on standby or do not have a return to work date within eight weeks, we will require you to immediately register for work and to look for work.
   (c) Your regular employer may ask that you be placed on standby for a maximum of eight weeks (except as provided in (2)(d) below). This request must be approved by the department. We will consider the following before deciding whether to approve standby for more than four weeks:
      (i) How long you have been out of work;
      (ii) Whether other suitable work is available;
      (iii) The impact on you and your employer if you accept other work; and
      (iv) Other factors that apply to your situation.
   (d) At his or her discretion, the commissioner may grant standby for more than eight weeks in a benefit year. Exceptions can be made due to natural disaster. Exceptions can also be made in other extraordinary circumstances when the employer applies in writing and shows there are conditions that apply to the business that are so unique or unusual compared to similar businesses that having their employees on standby for more than eight weeks is necessary. Exceptions can also be made due to a COVID-19 infection at the employer’s place of business that causes the employer to close or severely curtail operations.
   (e) We can approve standby if you have obtained a definite offer of bona fide full-time work that has a probable start date within two weeks, which includes the week of the job offer and up to two additional weeks. The job, however, must be:
With a new employer or with a former employer to whom you are no longer attached as provided in subsection (3)(f) of this section; and

Covered by Title 50 RCW or the comparable laws of another state or the federal government.

(3) **Are there conditions that apply to a request for standby?**

(a) You must have a probable date when you will return to work for your regular employer;

(b) We will not approve standby if you only have prospects of future work with your regular employer or a promise of more work at some unspecified date;

(c) We will not approve standby with your regular employer unless the employment is covered by Title 50 RCW or the comparable laws of another state or the federal government;

(d) Except for claimants who qualify as part-time eligible workers under RCW 50.20.119, we will not approve standby if you regularly work less than full-time. For purposes of this section, "full-time" means forty hours each week or the number of hours that are full-time for your occupation and labor market area. This subsection does not apply if either (i) you are unemployed due to a COVID-19 infection at your employer's place of business that caused your employer to close or severely curtail operations; or (ii) you are unemployed because you or your immediate family member received a request from a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19, even if you or your immediate family member have not been actually diagnosed with COVID-19;

(e) Any week(s) that you do not qualify for benefits will not be considered as part of the maximum eight weeks of standby; and

(f) After eight consecutive weeks of unemployment, we will no longer consider you attached to that employer. You must meet the job search requirements specified by RCW 50.20.010 (1)(c) and 50.20.240.

(4) **When does standby begin?**

(a) Standby begins the day of your request unless your request is backdated pursuant to (b) of this subsection.

(b)(i) You may backdate your request for standby up to one week for any reason.

(ii) Your request for standby may also be backdated for the convenience of the department. "For the convenience of the department" means for the purpose of program administration; or those situations where it is difficult or impossible to accept a timely request including, but not limited to, equipment breakdowns, lack of available staff, or special handling requirements.
WAC 192-110-095  May I backdate my application for unemployment benefits (RCW 50.04.030)?  (1) General rule. A benefit year begins on Sunday of the calendar week in which you file your application for benefits. However, an application may also be backdated for good cause or for the convenience of the department.

(2) Definitions. As used in this section:

(a) "Good cause" means factors that would prevent a reasonably prudent person in similar circumstances from filing an application for benefits. These include, but are not limited to, incapacity due to illness or injury, or other serious factors. "Illness" includes a request from a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19, even if you have not been actually diagnosed with COVID-19.

(b) "For the convenience of the department" means:

(i) For the purpose of program administration; or

(ii) Those situations where it is difficult or impossible for the department to accept a timely application. These include, but are not limited to, equipment breakdowns, lack of available staff to accept applications, or special handling requirements.

(3) Limitations on good cause.

(a) You must file your application for benefits during the first week in which those factors that constitute good cause are no longer present. The effective date will be Sunday of such week.

(b) Backdating will not be allowed if you claim good cause based on information from department staff or agents where you could reasonably be expected to question the accuracy of this information.
AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 19-12-091, filed 6/4/19, effective 7/22/19)

WAC 192-140-090 What happens if I do not schedule or report for reemployment services as provided in RCW 50.20.010 (1)(e)?

(1) Written directives.

(a) The commissioner may direct you in writing to schedule a time to report in person for reemployment services. The written directive will contain a deadline by which you must schedule and participate in reemployment services.

(b) If you fail to schedule a time to participate in reemployment services by the deadline, you will be ineligible to receive benefits for the week containing the date of the deadline, unless you show justifiable cause.

(c) If you fail to participate in reemployment services at the time you scheduled, you will be ineligible to receive benefits for the week containing the time you scheduled, unless you show justifiable cause.

(d) The department may verify the reasons you failed to schedule or participate in reemployment services. In all such cases, your ability to work or availability for work may be questioned.

(2) Exceptions. You will not be required to participate in reemployment services if you:

(a) Are a member of a full referral union and are eligible for dispatch and referral according to union rules;

(b) Are attached to an employer as provided in WAC 192-180-005;

(c) Are participating in a training program approved by the commissioner; or

(d) Within the previous year have completed, or are currently scheduled for or participating in, similar services.

(3) Minimum services. The services will consist of one or more sessions which include, but are not limited to:

(a) Local labor market information;

(b) Available reemployment and training services;

(c) Successful job search attitudes;

(d) Self-assessment of job skills and interests;

(e) Job interview techniques;

(f) The development of a resume or fact sheet; and

(g) The development of a plan for reemployment.

(4) Justifiable cause. Justifiable cause for failure to schedule or participate in reemployment services as directed will include factors specific to you which would cause a reasonably prudent person in similar circumstances to fail to schedule or participate in reemployment services. Justifiable cause includes, but is not limited to:

(a) Your illness or disability or that of a member of your immediate family. "Illness" includes a request from a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19, even if you or your immediate family member have not been actually diagnosed with COVID-19;

(b) Conflicting employment or your presence at a job interview scheduled with an employer; or

(c) Severe weather conditions.
WAC 192-180-005 Registration for work—RCW 50.20.010(1) and 50.20.230. (1) Am I required to register for work? You must register for work unless you are:
   (a) Attached to an employer, meaning you are:
      (i) Partially unemployed as defined in WAC 192-180-013(1);
      (ii) On standby as defined by WAC 192-110-015;
      (iii) Unemployed because you are on strike or locked out from the worksite as provided in RCW 50.20.090; or
   (b) A member of a union that participates in the referral union program (see WAC 192-210-110);
   (c) Participating in a training program approved by the commissioner; (or)
   (d) The subject of an antiharassment order. This includes any court-issued order providing for your protection, such as restraining orders, no contact orders, domestic violence protective orders, and similar documents; or
   (e) Under isolation or quarantine at the request of a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19.

(2) How soon do I have to register?
   (a) If you live within the state of Washington, the department will register you automatically based on information contained in your application for benefits. In unusual circumstances where you are not automatically registered, you must register within one week of the date on which you are notified by the department of the requirement to register for work.
   (b) If you live in another state, you must register for work within one week of the date your first payment is issued on your new or reopened claim.
   (c) If you have been requested by a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19 and were not automatically registered, you must register for work within one week of the date you are no longer requested to be isolated or quarantined.

(3) Where do I register for work? You will be registered for work with the department. However, if you live in another state, you must register for work with the equivalent public employment agency in that state.

(4) What is the penalty if I do not register for work? You will not be eligible for benefits for any week in which you are not registered for work as required by this section.
department. At a minimum, the department will review your job search documentation, your ability to work, availability for work, and your efforts to find work. The department may also promote an active search for work by directing you to resources that will assist you with your job search efforts.

(2) **Will my job search activities be reviewed?** Yes, you must provide your job search log to the department when requested. The department will review your log, review your eligibility for benefits as required by RCW 50.20.010 (1)(c), and, when appropriate, provide feedback on areas in which your job search can be improved.

(3) **How many weeks will be reviewed?** The department will review at least one week of your job search documentation at the initial JSR.

(a) If the documentation shows you met the job search requirements for that week, no further action will be taken at that time except as provided in WAC 192-180-020(2). You may be scheduled for another JSR at a later date.

(b) If the documentation shows that you substantially complied with the job search requirements, you will not be scheduled for an all weeks JSR. However, your benefits may be denied for that week and the department will issue you a work search directive explaining how your job search efforts or documentation of those efforts must be modified.

(c) If the job search documentation fails to show that you substantially complied with the job search requirements, the department will reschedule you for a second JSR in which your job search for all weeks claimed will be reviewed.

(4) **What happens if I do not participate in the initial JSR?** If you fail to participate in the initial JSR, the department will determine if your failure is excused or unexcused.

(a) If you have an excused absence, the department will reschedule you for a JSR of one week of your job search documentation. You may be excused from participating in the initial JSR only for good cause:

(i) Your illness or disability or that of a member of your immediate family that prevents you from participating. "Illness" includes a request from a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19, even if you or your immediate family member have not been actually diagnosed with COVID-19;

(ii) Your employment or presence at a job interview scheduled with an employer;

(iii) Natural disaster or similar acts of nature; or

(iv) Factors specific to your situation which would prevent a reasonably prudent person in similar circumstances from participating.

(b) If you have an unexcused absence, the department will:

(i) Schedule you for a JSR of your job search activities for all weeks claimed; and

(ii) Deny your benefits for the week of the initial JSR unless you can show good cause for not participating. (See WAC 192-180-030.)

(5) **What does "all weeks" mean?** For purposes of this section, "all weeks" means the latest of the following:

(a) Weeks claimed since you filed your application for benefits; or

(b) Weeks claimed since your last all weeks JSR.

(6) **Will the department verify my identity at the JSR interview?** Yes, you must be prepared to provide the department with sufficient information to verify your identity.
WAC 192-180-040 Directive to attend job search workshop or training course—RCW 50.20.044. (1) The department may direct you, in writing, to attend a job search workshop or training course when it finds that your chances of finding employment will be improved by enrollment in such activity.

(2) You will not be directed to attend a job search workshop or training course if:

(a) You have an offer of bona fide work that begins within two weeks; or

(b) The workshop or training location is outside your labor market or would require you to travel further than the nearest WorkSource office or local employment center; or

(c) You are a member in good standing of a full referral union, unless you are also being required to begin an independent search for work or have been identified as a dislocated worker as defined in RCW 50.04.075.

(3) If you receive a directive and fail without good cause to attend a substantial portion of the workshop or training course during a week, you will be ineligible for benefits for the entire week. Good cause includes your illness or disability or that of a member of your immediate family, or your presence at a job interview scheduled with an employer. "Illness" includes a request from a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19, even if you or your immediate family member have not been actually diagnosed with COVID-19. Reasons for absence may be verified and may result in a denial of benefits under RCW 50.20.010.

(4) Participation in a job search workshop when directed meets the definition of an "in-person job search activity" as defined in WAC 192-180-010.

(5) When attending a job search workshop or training course as directed, you will not be ineligible for benefits for failure to be available for work or to actively seek work under the provisions of:

(a) RCW 50.20.010 (1)(c);

(b) RCW 50.20.240; or

(c) RCW 50.22.020(1).
WAC 192-150-055 Leaving work because of illness or disability—
General rules and definitions—RCW 50.20.050 (1)(b)(ii) and
(2)(b)(ii). (1) General rule. To establish good cause for leaving
work voluntarily because of your illness or disability or the illness,
disability, or death of a member of your immediate family, you must
demonstrate that:

(a) You left work primarily because of such illness, disability,
or death; and

(b) The illness, disability, or death made it necessary for you
to leave work; and

(c) You first exhausted all reasonable alternatives prior to
leaving work, including:

(i) Notifying your employer of the reason(s) for the absence as
provided in WAC 192-150-060; and

(ii) Asking to be reemployed when you are able to return to work.
(You are not required to request reemployment after the job separation
has occurred to establish good cause.)

(2) For claims with an effective date of January 4, 2004, or lat-
er, you are not eligible for unemployment benefits unless, in addition
to the requirements of subsections (1)(a)-(c) above, you terminate
your employment and are not entitled to be reinstated in the same or
similar position.

(3) Exception. You may be excused from failure to exhaust reason-
able alternatives prior to leaving work as required by subsection
(1)(c) if you can show that doing so would have been a futile act.

(4) Definitions. For purposes of this chapter:

(a) "Disability" means a sensory, mental, or physical condition
that:

(i) Is medically recognizable or diagnosable;

(ii) Exists as a record or history; and

(iii) Substantially limits the proper performance of your job;

(b) "Immediate family" means your spouse, domestic partner, and
the children (including unborn children), siblings, step-children,
foster children, or parents of either spouse or domestic partner,
whether living with you or not, and other relatives who temporarily or
permanently reside in your household;

(c) "Necessary" means the conditions are of such degree or se-
verity in relation to your particular circumstances that they would
cause a reasonably prudent person acting under similar circumstances
to quit work;

(d) "Illness" includes a request from a medical professional, lo-
cal health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or
 quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19, even if you have not been
actually diagnosed with COVID-19.
WAC 192-170-050 Suitable work factors—RCW 50.20.100 and 50.20.110. (1) Physical fitness. In determining whether work is suitable as defined by RCW 50.20.100 and 50.20.110, the department will consider whether you have a disability that prevents you from performing the essential functions of the job without a substantial risk to your health or safety.

(a) For purposes of this section, the term "disability" means a sensory, mental, or physical condition that:
   (i) Is medically recognizable or diagnosable;
   (ii) Exists as a record or history; and
   (iii) Substantially limits the proper performance of your job.

(b) The department may determine in individual circumstances that less than full-time work is suitable if:
   (i) The disability prevents you from working the number of hours that are customary to the occupation;
   (ii) You are actively seeking work for the occupation and hours you have the ability to perform; and
   (iii) The restriction on the number of hours you can work, the essential functions you can perform, and the occupations you are seeking does not substantially limit your employment prospects within your general area.

(c) To be considered available for suitable work, you must be available for employment in an occupation in keeping with your prior work experience, education, or training. If such employment is not available in your general area, you must be willing to accept any employment which you have the physical or mental ability to perform.

(d) Disabilities resulting from pregnancy will be treated the same as other disabilities, except that the department will also consider the risk to your pregnancy when deciding whether work is suitable.

(e) The department will require verification from a physician of your disability, including:
   (i) The restrictions on the tasks or work-related functions you can perform;
   (ii) The restrictions on the number of hours you can work, if any;
   (iii) The expected duration of the disability and resulting work restrictions; and
   (iv) The types of tasks or work-related functions you are able to perform with this disability, if known by the physician.

(f) For purposes of this section, "disability" also includes a request from a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19, even if you have not been actually diagnosed with COVID-19.

(2) Definitions. For the purposes of this chapter:

(a) "General area" means an individual's labor market area and includes the geographic area within which an individual would customarily seek work in a given occupation.

(b) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice one or more of the following professions: Medicine and surgery (including, but not limited to, psychiatry); osteopathic medicine and surgery; chiropractic; naturopathic medicine; podiatry.
AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 16-21-013, filed 10/7/16, effective 11/14/16)

WAC 192-270-035 Time frames. (1) Information about training benefits will be included in the informational notice sent to you at the time you file your application for unemployment benefits (see WAC 192-120-010). For purposes of subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the informational notice is considered your notification of the eligibility requirements for the training benefits program.

(2) Submitting a training plan. Except for dislocated workers eligible under RCW 50.22.155 (2)(a)(i), you have ninety calendar days to submit a training plan to the department for approval, beginning on the date you are notified by the department about the eligibility requirements for training benefits. For new claims, the deadline will be ninety-five calendar days from the date your application for benefits is filed, which represents ninety days plus five days for the informational notice to reach you if sent by regular mail.

(3) Enrollment in training. Except for dislocated workers eligible under RCW 50.22.155 (2)(a)(i), you must be enrolled in training within one hundred twenty calendar days, beginning on the date you are notified about the eligibility requirements for training benefits. For new claims, the deadline will be one hundred twenty-five calendar days from the date your application for benefits is filed, which represents one hundred twenty days plus five days for the informational notice to reach you if sent by regular mail.

(4) If you are a dislocated worker eligible under RCW 50.22.155 (2)(a)(i), you must submit a training plan and enroll in training prior to the end of your benefit year.

(5) Except for dislocated workers eligible under RCW 50.22.155 (2)(a)(i), these time frames may be waived for good cause. For purposes of this section, "good cause" includes but is not limited to situations where:

(a) You were employer attached, including being on standby or partially unemployed, when you filed your claim for unemployment benefits but your attachment to your employer subsequently ended;

(b) You acted or failed to act on authoritative advice directly from department or partner staff upon which a reasonable person would normally rely;

(c) You were incapacitated due to illness or injury or other factors of similar gravity. "Illness" includes a request from a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19, even if you have not been actually diagnosed with COVID-19; or

(d) Other factors which would effectively prevent a reasonably prudent person, as defined in WAC 192-100-010, facing similar circumstances, from meeting the time frames established under this section.

(6) If you return to work, and subsequently become unemployed, the time frames described in subsections (2) and (3) begin with the date you file your additional claim for benefits.
WAC 192-270-065 Certification of satisfactory progress. (1) In order to continue your eligibility for training benefits, the certification that you are making satisfactory progress in training must be signed by the registrar or an equivalent person designated by your educational institution. Except for dislocated workers eligible under RCW 50.22.155 (2)(a)(i), and disabled individuals as provided in RCW 50.22.155 (2)(c), training must be full-time as determined by the educational institution.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), for training benefits purposes the term "satisfactory progress" means:

(a) Your grade point average does not fall below 2.0 for two consecutive terms;

(b) You maintain a grade point average sufficient to graduate from, or receive certification in, your approved area of study; and

(c) You are completing sufficient credit hours to finish your approved course of study within the time frame established under your approved training plan.

(3) In the case of self-paced or ungraded learning programs, "satisfactory progress" means participating in classes and passing certification examinations within the time frame established under your approved training plan.

(4) Reasonable delays directly attributable to a COVID-19 infection or a request from a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19 will not prevent a certification that you are making satisfactory progress in training.
WAC 192-310-030 What are the report and tax payment penalties and charges? (RCW 50.12.220.)

(1) Penalty for late tax and wage reports. An employer who does not file a tax or wage report within the time frame required by WAC 192-310-010 (3)(d) must pay a penalty of twenty-five dollars for each violation, unless the penalty is waived by the department.

(2) Definition of incomplete or incorrect format tax or wage report. An employer must file tax and wage reports that are complete and in the format required by the commissioner.

(a) An "incomplete report" is any report filed by any employer or their agent where:

(i) The entire wage report is not filed on time; or
(ii) A required element is not reported (Social Security number, name, hours worked, or wages paid); or
(iii) A significant number of employees are not reported; or
(iv) A significant number of any given element is not reported, for example, missing Social Security numbers, names, hours, or wages; or
(v) Either the employment security department number or Unified Business Identifier (UBI) number is not included with the tax or wage report; or
(vi) The report includes duplicate Social Security numbers, or impossible Social Security numbers as shown by the Social Security Administration (such as 999-99-9991, 999-99-9992, etc.).

(b) An "incorrect format" means any report that is not filed in the format required by the commissioner under WAC 192-310-010 (3)(c). Agency forms include "drop-out ink" that cannot be copied. Therefore, photocopies are considered incorrectly formatted reports and forms.

(c) For purposes of this section, the term "significant" means an employer who has:

(i) One employee and reports incomplete wage elements for the one employee; or
(ii) Two to nineteen employees and reports incomplete wage elements for two or more employees; or
(iii) Twenty to forty-nine employees and reports incomplete wage elements for three or more employees; or
(iv) Fifty or more employees and reports incomplete wage elements for four or more employees.

(3) Penalty for filing an incomplete or incorrectly formatted tax or wage report. An employer who files an incomplete or incorrectly formatted tax and wage report will receive a warning letter for the first occurrence. For subsequent occurrences of either an incomplete or incorrectly formatted report within five years of the date of the last occurrence (whether or not the last occurrence was before the effective date of this amendatory section), the employer must pay a penalty as follows:

(a) When quarterly tax is due and an employer has submitted an incomplete report or filed the report in an incorrect format, the following schedule will apply after the initial warning letter: Ten percent of the quarterly contributions for each occurrence, up to a maximum of $250.00, but not less than:

(i) 2nd occurrence $75.00

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(b) When no quarterly tax is due and an employer has submitted an incomplete report or filed the report in an incorrect format, the following schedule will apply after the initial warning letter:

- 2nd occurrence: $75.00
- 3rd occurrence: $150.00
- 4th and subsequent occurrences: $250.00

(c) After five years without an occurrence, prior occurrences will not count and the employer shall receive a warning letter instead of a penalty on the next occurrence.

(4) **Penalty for knowingly misrepresenting amount of payroll.** If an employer knowingly (on purpose) misrepresents to the department the amount of his or her payroll that is subject to unemployment taxes, the penalty is up to ten times, in the discretion of the department, the difference between the taxes paid, if any, and the amount of taxes the employer should have paid for the period. This penalty is in addition to the amount the employer should have paid. The employer must also pay the department for the reasonable expenses of auditing his or her books and collecting taxes and penalties due as provided in WAC 192-340-100.

(5) **Late tax payments.** All employers must file a tax and wage report every quarter, including employers who have no payroll for a given quarter. If an employer does not report on time, it will be charged a late fee of $25.00 for each report. If the payment is late, the employer will be charged interest at a rate of one percent of taxes due per month. A late payment penalty is also charged for overdue taxes:

- First month: Five percent of the total taxes due or $10.00, whichever is greater;
- Second month: An additional five percent of total taxes due or $10.00, whichever is greater; and
- Third month: An additional ten percent of total taxes due or $10.00, whichever is greater.

(6) **Nonsufficient funds (NSF).** The department shall charge $25.00 for checks dishonored by nonacceptance or nonpayment. This is considered a commercial charge under the Uniform Commercial Code (RCW 62A.3-515).

(7) **Waivers of late filing and late payment penalties.** The department may, for good cause, waive penalties for late filing of a report and late payment of taxes that are due with a report. The commissioner must decide if the failure to file reports or pay taxes on time was not the employer's fault.

(a) The department may waive late penalties when there are circumstances beyond the control of the employer. These circumstances include, but may not be limited to, the following:

- The return was filed on time with payment but inadvertently mailed to another agency;
- The delinquency was caused by an employee of the department, such as providing incorrect information to the employer, when the source can be identified;
- The delinquency was caused by the death or serious illness, before the filing deadline, of the employer, a member of the employer's immediate family, the employer's accountant, or a member of the accountant's immediate family. "Serious illness" includes a request...
from a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19, even if the individual has not been actually diagnosed with COVID-19; (iv) The delinquency was caused by the unavoidable absence of the employer or key employee before the filing deadline. "Unavoidable absence" does not include absences because of business trips, vacations, personnel turnover, or terminations; (v) The delinquency was caused by the accidental destruction of the employer's place of business or business records; (vi) The delinquency was caused by fraud, embezzlement, theft, or conversion by the employer's employee or other persons contracted with the employer, which the employer could not immediately detect or prevent. The employer must have had reasonable safeguards or internal controls in place; (vii) The employer, before the filing deadline, requested proper forms from the department's central office or a district tax office, and the forms were not supplied in enough time to allow the completed report to be filed and paid before the due date. The request must have been timely, which means at least three days before the filing deadline; or (viii) A COVID-19 infection at the employer's place of business caused the employer to close or severely curtail operations.

(b) The department may waive late penalties if it finds the employer to be out of compliance during an employer-requested audit, but the department decides the employer made a good faith effort to comply with all applicable laws and rules; (c) The department may waive late penalties for failure to file a "no payroll" report for one quarter if a new business initially registered that it would have employees that quarter, but then delayed hiring its first employees until after that quarter; and (d) The department will not waive late penalties if the employer has been late with filing or with payment in any of the last eight consecutive quarters immediately preceding the quarter for which a waiver is requested. If an employer has been in business for fewer than the eight preceding quarters, then all preceding quarters must have been filed and paid on time and a one-time only waiver may be granted. (8) **Incomplete reports or incorrect format penalty waivers.** For good cause, the department may waive penalties or not count occurrences for incomplete reports or reports in an incorrect format when the employer can demonstrate that the incomplete or incorrectly formatted report was not due to the fault of the employer. (9) **Missing and impossible Social Security numbers.** When a Social Security number is impossible or missing, the department may waive penalties for incomplete reports only once for each worker and only when: (a) The report was incomplete because it included impossible Social Security numbers, but the employer can show that the impossible Social Security numbers were provided to the employer by the employees; or (b) The report was incomplete because of missing Social Security numbers, but the employer can show that the employee did not work for the employer after failing to provide a valid Social Security card or application for Social Security number within seven days of employment. (10) **Penalty waiver requests.**
(a) An employer must request a waiver of penalties in writing, include all relevant facts, attach available proof, and file the request with a tax office. In all cases the burden of proving the facts is on the employer.

(b) At its discretion, the department may waive penalties on its own motion without requiring a request from the employer if it finds that the penalty was caused by the department's own error or for other good cause.

(11) **Extensions.** The department, for good cause, may extend the due date for filing a report. If granted, the employer must make a deposit with the department in an amount equal to the estimated tax due for the reporting period or periods. This deposit will be applied to the employer's debt. The amount of the deposit must be approved by the department.
WAC 192-320-078 Catastrophic occurrence. For the purposes of RCW 50.29.021 (4)(a)(iii), "catastrophic occurrence" includes a COVID-19 infection at the employer's place of business that causes the employer to close or severely curtail operations.

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 13-24-108, filed 12/3/13, effective 1/3/14)

WAC 192-320-082 How will the department determine good cause exists for failing to respond timely or adequately?—RCW 50.29.021(6).

(1) The department may find that good cause exists in certain situations when the employer fails to respond due to an unforeseen event outside of the employer's or employer's agent's control, such as:
   (a) The death or serious illness of the employer. "Serious illness" includes a request from a medical professional, local health official, or the Secretary of Health to be isolated or quarantined as a consequence of COVID-19, even if the employer has not been actually diagnosed with COVID-19;
   (b) Destruction of the employer's place of business or business records not caused by, or at the direction of, the employer or the employer's agent;
   (c) Fraud or theft against the employer.

(2) The employer is responsible to provide all pertinent facts and evidence or documentation for the department to determine good cause.
NEW SECTION

WAC 192-100-901 Isolation and quarantine. (1) "Isolation" means the same as the definition in WAC 246-100-011.

(2) "Quarantine" means the same as the definition in WAC 246-100-011.